Pneumatopteris pendens (Thelypteridaceae), a New Hawaii Endemic Species of Pneumatopteris from Hawaii

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Abstract.—Pneumatopteris pendens, a new endemic Hawaiian species related to P. sandwicensis, is described.

Over the past 25 years several field workers including Robert Hobdy, Yuko Johnson, Kay Lynch, Hank Oppenheimer, and Ken Wood have noticed and collected a fern related to *Pneumatopteris sandwicensis* (Brack.) Holtum, but one quite distinct in habit, morphology, and habitat. The two species often grow near each other, but usually are not intermixed. The new taxon, here named *P. pendens*, is pendent on damp rock or cinder banks, often near streams, whereas *P. sandwicensis* is erect and grows on level to sloping ground in mesic to wet forests, as well as near stream margins. It has been collected on Kauai, Oahu, Molokai, Maui, and Hawaii and will probably be found on Lanai.

Examination of herbarium sheets at the Bernice Pauahi Bishop Museum revealed several previous collections of *Pneumatopteris pendens* that were variously labeled *P. sandwicensis*, *Dryopteris stegnogrammoides*, *Phegopteris polycarpa*, and *Thelypteris stegnogrammoides*. Table 1 lists characters that separate *P. pendens* from *P. sandwicensis*.

Hillebrand (1888) may have recognized *P. pendens* as *Phegopteris polycarpa* (Hook. & Arn.) Hillebr. var. *depauperata* Hillebr., but his description is short and inadequate: "Frond with stipes 10'[inches] long, pubescent throughout, pinnatifid in the upper half, only 2–4 pairs of veinlets anastomosing". Furthermore no type was designated, only a type locality ("On bare rocks in the bed of Wailuku river, Hilo, Hawaii!"). Palmer (2003) mentioned *P. pendens* as a possible new taxon and stated that further study and more collections were needed.

The other species of *Pneumatopteris* found in Hawaii are *P. hudsoniana* and *P. sandwicensis*. The following key will aide in identifying the three Hawaiian species.

KEY TO THE HAWAIIAN SPECIES OF PNEUMATOPTERIS

- 1. Basal pinnae usually not smaller or only somewhat smaller than pinnae above; rachises and costules heavily covered with hairs; indusia absent (2).

Character P. sandwicensis P. pendens Habitat mesic to wet forest floors, wet banks often near sometimes near steams streams Elevation 750-2,100 m 380-1,220 m Habit pendent erect Frond texture coriaceous chartaceous Frond length 20-120 (-206) cm 22-60(-80) cm Blade shape long-deltate, 12-48 cm lanceolate, 5.5-14 cm wide wide Blade color mostly light green mostly dark green Stipes glabrous to slightly very hairy at base, hairy at base, 4-15 mm 1-2 mm diam. diam. Pinnae 6-10 times as long as 4-5 times as long as wide wide Pinna margins moderately hairy very hairy Basal pinnae mostly equal to or longer mostly shorter than than next pinna-pair next pinna-pair Vein anastomoses 3-10+2-4below sinuses Hairiness of rachises moderately hairy

very hairy

0.1-0.5 mm

mostly 6-12

mostly tan, thin, lightly

margins very hairy

clathrate, linear-lanceolate,

Characters separating Pneumatopteris pendens from P. sandwicensis.

Pneumatopteris pendens D. D. Palmer, sp. nov. Fig. 1a-c

and costules

and costae

Sporangial hairs

Scales

Hair length on rachises

TYPE: U.S.A., Hawaii, Hawaii Island, Hawaii Volcanoes National Park, Puna District, Thurston Lava Tube, ca. 1158 m, 2 April 2003, L. W. Pratt 3306 (holotype BISH)

mostly 0.1 mm long,

dark, thick, clathrate,

oblong-lanceolate,

some longer

margins hairy

mostly 0-4

Pneumatopteris sandwicensi similis sed frondibus ubique multo hirsutioribus, stipitibus basi squamis tenuibus brunneolisque instructis, et laminis ovato-triangularibus, pallide viridibus, pendentibus; clivos praecipites humidos habitans.

Apparently related to Pneumatopteris sandwicensis but fronds lanceolate rather than deltate, generally smaller and narrower with more obtuse pinnae, lighter blade color, narrower stipes, and longer hairs on the stipes and rachises. Found between 368-1220 m elevation on Kauai, Oahu, Maui, and Hawaii. Its fronds are pendent on vertical, moist, mossy banks, often near streams.

Plants medium-sized, terrestrial. Rhizomes short-creeping, ca 0.5-1 cm diam, scaly. Fronds 22-60(-80) \times 5-14 cm. Stipes straw-colored, 1-2 mm diam, sparsely scaly at base; scales thin, tan, lightly clathrate, lanceolate, margins with scattered to copious acicular hairs; proximal stipes densely clothed with white, unicellular to multicellular acicular hairs, 0.1-0.5 mm,

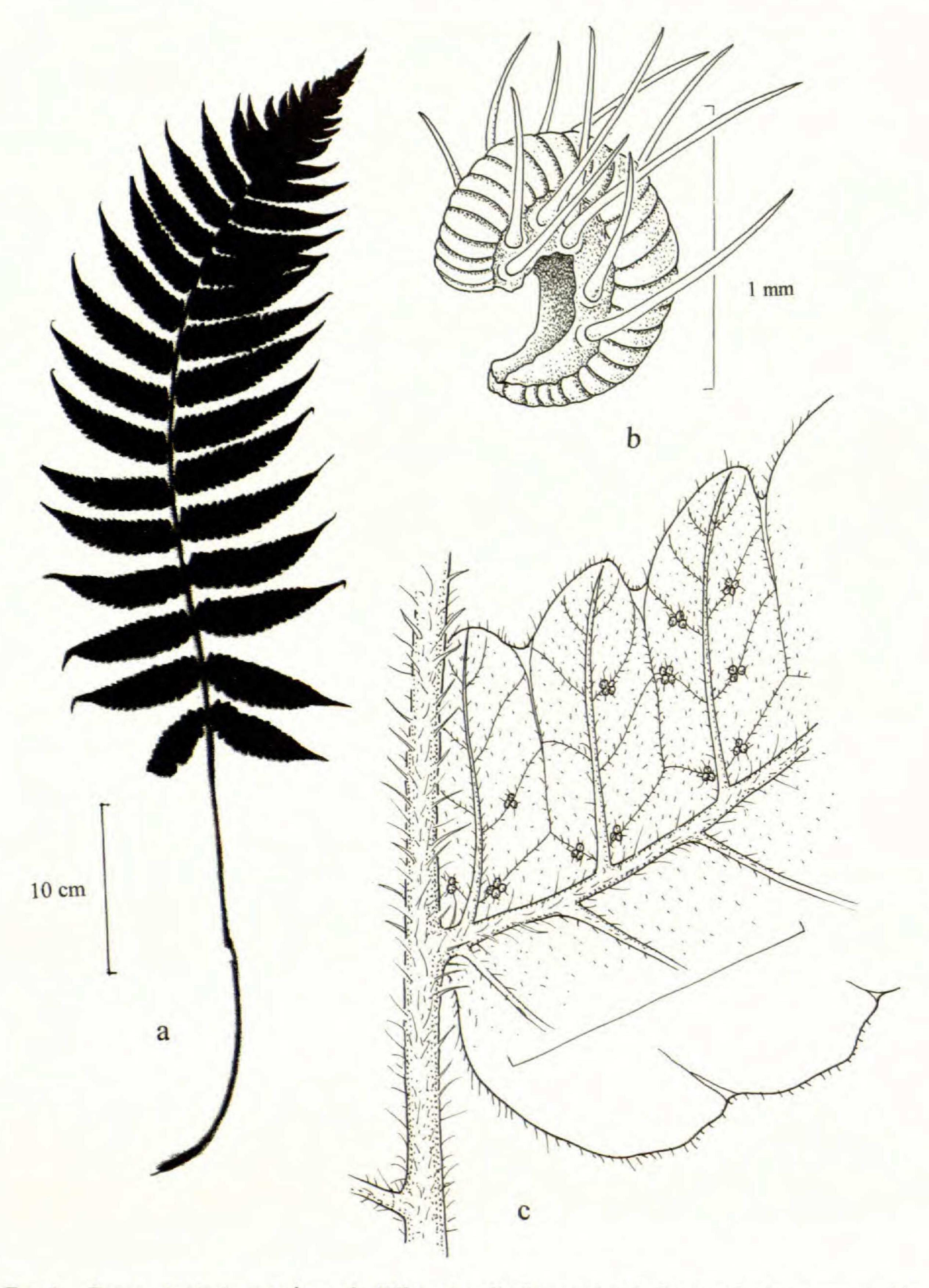


Fig. 1. Pneumatopteris pendens. A. Silhouette. B. Sporangia. C. Proximal pinna and rachis, abaxial surface.

sparsely hairy distally. Blades lanceolate, 1-pinnate, chartaceous, mostly light green, sometimes medium green, apices pinnatifid; rachises grooved adaxially, covered with abundant, short, fine, white, unicellular and multicellular acicular hairs. Pinnae light green, short-stalked to adnate, 12–23 pairs before pinnatifid apices, 4–5 times as long as wide, lanceolate, acute, margins crenate and very hairy; basal pinnae usually slightly smaller to somewhat smaller than next pair; costules densely covered with short and long, fine, white, acicular hairs, abaxial surface quite hairy; adaxial surfaces less so; hairs acicular, fine, mostly unicellular; veins on adaxial surfaces with many short, acicular hairs pointing toward margins; aerophores inconspicuous at bases of stalks abaxially (more prominent in living plants, nearly invisible when dried). Veins pinnately arranged with 4–6 alternate branches, raised above pinna surfaces abaxially, somewhat sunken adaxially, usually 2–4 pairs anastomosing below each sinus. Sori medial, 2–4 on either side of midveins. Indusia absent. Sporangia each with mostly 6–12 acicular hairs just below annulus.

PARATYPES: U.S.A. HAWAII: Kauai: Olokele Valley, Sept 1909, C. N. Forbes 451 (BISH). Molokai: Kaluaaha Valley, Aug 1912, C. N. Forbes 371 (BISH). West Maui, Lahaina District, Pu'u Kukui Watershed, Honolua Valley, 380 m, 11 Feb 1999, H. Oppenheimer H29902 (BISH-3 sheets). Maui: West Wailuaiki Stream, 427m, 15 May 1981, R. Hobdy 1096 (BISH); West Wailuaiki Stream, 427 m, 15 May 1981, R. Hobdy 1098 (BISH); West Wailuaiki Stream, 427 m, 15 May 1981, R. Hobdy 1099 (BISH). East Maui: West Wailuaiki Stream, 15 May 1981, R. Hobdy 1097 (BISH); Kuhiwa Stream, 457 m, 28 July 1987, R. Hobdy 2910 & 2911; Keanae Valley, 400 m., 30 Dec 1986, R. Hobdy 2664 (BISH); Hana District, Hanawi Stream, 22 Aug 1999, H. Oppenheimer H89927 & H89927 (BISH); Waihoi Valley, 750 m, 21 Sept 1972, B. Harrison 9 (BISH); Kipahulu Valley, east part of valley on banks of stream below central pali, 762 m, 7 Aug 1967, C. H. Lamoureaux & R. E. Dewreede 3914a. Hawaii: Kilauea, Thurston lava tube, el., 1220 m, May 1932, A. Meebold s.n. (BISH); S. Kohala District, Kohala Mts., Kohakohou Stream, below diversion dam, deeply carved drainage, 26 Oct 1995, K. R. Wood 4697 (BISH); near Hilo, Hawaii, 1910, M. Newell s.n. (BISH 03921); Ka'u, Hilea Stream, on high protected banks, 700 m, 2 Mar 2000, F. R. Warshauer et al. 5100 (BISH).

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